Homeopathy effective for children with ADHD

Homeopathy is effective in treating children suffering from attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD). Children with ADHD suffer from disturbances in mood, behaviour and school performance. About one child in every school class suffers from ADHD\(^1\). Up to 64 % of parents of children with ADHD choose complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) to treat their children\(^4\) and homeopathy is one of the preferred treatment modalities\(^4\)\(^-\)\(^6\).

No curative conventional treatment exists, but homeopaths have considerable positive experience in treating children who have been diagnosed with ADHD, as well as children with other types of concentration, learning and behavioural difficulties\(^7\)\(^-\)\(^20\). Research supports homeopaths’ positive clinical experience.

Research – evidence of improvement with homeopathic treatment

Four clinical trials including a total of 263 children diagnosed with ADHD treated with classical homeopathy have been published\(^21\)\(^-\)\(^24\). Three of these were so-called randomised double-blinded trials where the children, their parents, practitioners and researchers did not know whether the child had received a homeopathic medicine or an inactive placebo pill until after the study was finalised\(^22\)\(^-\)\(^24\). Results suggest that beneficial effect continues long after treatment has been completed.

The study of highest methodological quality showed a significant effect of homeopathy over a 12 week period\(^22\). **One and a half years later the children were still 63 % better.** Their mood was more stable and they had improved short time memory.

A second study showed a significant effect of homeopathy compared to placebo and children were still **57 % better 2 months after treatment**\(^24\). A third study found significant improvement in both the homeopathy and placebo groups, which indicates that the homeopathic consultation may also positively influence the state of these children\(^23\). A fourth (non-blinded) study showed that a minimum of **73% improvement** in 75 % of 115 children diagnosed with ADHD\(^21\).

Conventional drugs can have serious side effects – homeopathy is safe

No serious side-effects were reported in any of the homeopathy trials with children diagnosed with ADHD. The safety of homeopathy is one of the main reasons why parents choose homeopathy for their children. Conventional treatment in ADHD is inadequate and includes the risk of adverse effects. The US Food and Drug Administration has issued a warning that conventional ADHD drugs may cause cardiovascular disease\(^25\)\(^-\)\(^26\).

Sufficient time and more research is needed

More research should be carried out to further determine the effect of homeopathy for children suffering from ADHD. A minimum treatment period of one year should be allowed for in order to properly treat these children and to assess potential long-term benefit.

**For safe and effective homeopathic treatment of their children, parents should make sure that the practitioner they consult is a registered member of an ECCH or ICH Member Association.** For information, please refer to [www.homeopathy-ecch.eu](http://www.homeopathy-ecch.eu) and outside Europe [www.homeopathy-ich.org](http://www.homeopathy-ich.org)
**ADHD facts**

- **ADHD** is a persistent pattern of inattention, hyperactivity and impulsivity that is more frequent and severe than is typically observed in people at a comparable level of development.\(^2\)
- One of the most common psychiatric disorders in children and adolescents.\(^{28-29}\)
- **Frequency**: Estimates range from 3-5% in some studies\(^1\), and 1.7-16% in others\(^2\)
- ADHD may negatively influence
  - Social skills
  - Academic performance
- It is often accompanied by
  - Low self-esteem
  - Anxiety
  - Depression
  - Antisocial behaviour
  - Drug abuse
  - Sleep disturbance
- **Diagnosis** is made by ruling out other conditions AND considering patients’ symptoms
- **No curative conventional therapy exists**
- Conventional treatment consists of combinations of medication and psychosocial behaviourial treatment\(^3\), but conventional drugs may have serious side-effects\(^25-26\)
References


